

NEXT 1 INTERACTIVE, INC.

FORM 10-Q (Quarterly Report)

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: **November 30, 2012**

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. **000-52669**

NEXT 1 INTERACTIVE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or formation)

26-3509845
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

2690 Weston Road, Suite 200
Weston, FL 33331
(Address of principal executive offices)

(954) 888-9779
(Registrant's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company:

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of January 18, 2013, there were 12,392,473 shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock.

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Next 1 Interactive, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets

	<u>November 30, 2012</u>	<u>February 29, 2012*</u>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 93,730	\$ 12,989
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	37,839	1,456
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	22,918	-
Security deposits	61,611	46,611
Total current assets	<u>216,098</u>	<u>61,056</u>
Option agreement	-	305,000
Website Development costs and intangible assets, net	4,841,694	96,591
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,057,792</u>	<u>\$ 462,647</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,885,016	\$ 2,012,489
Other current liabilities	621,137	603,953
Securities purchase agreement final buy out	50,000	-
Derivative liabilities - convertible promissory notes	777,091	916,202
Derivative liabilities - preferred stock	121,871	1,338,017
Convertible promissory notes, net of discount of \$43,799 and \$924,446, respectively	7,697,248	7,417,459
Convertible promissory notes - related party, net of discount of \$-0- and \$-0-, respectively	605,000	355,000
Convertible notes payable to officer of consolidated subsidiary	241,825	-
Other advances	68,000	68,000
Other notes payable	100,000	70,000
Shareholder loans	440,000	840,000
Capital lease payable	-	25,405
Notes payable - current portion	959,072	960,681
Total current liabilities	<u>14,566,260</u>	<u>14,607,206</u>
Convertible promissory notes - long term portion, net of discount of \$29,444 and \$-0-, respectively	40,556	-
Notes payable - long-term portion	-	88,891
Total liabilities	<u>14,606,816</u>	<u>14,696,097</u>
Stockholders' Deficit		
Series A Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 3,000,000 authorized; and 1,884,611 shares issued and outstanding at November 30, 2012 and 1,809,611 shares issued and outstanding at February 29, 2012, respectively	18,846	18,096
Series B Preferred stock, \$.00001 par value; 3,000,000 authorized; 413,600 shares issued and outstanding at November 30, 2012 and -0- shares issued and outstanding at February 29, 2012, respectively	4	-
Series C Preferred stock, \$.00001 par value; 3,000,000 authorized; -0- shares issued and outstanding at November 30, 2012 and February 29, 2012, respectively	-	-
Series D Preferred stock, \$.00001 par value; 3,000,000 authorized; 563,177 shares issued and outstanding at November 30, 2012 and -0- shares issued and outstanding at February 29, 2012, respectively	6	-
Preferred Stock Subscribed	1,980,000	-
Common stock, \$.00001 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 10,543,170 and 1,150,003 shares issued and outstanding at November 30, 2012 and February 29, 2012, respectively	105	12
Additional paid-in-capital	58,367,977	52,735,408
Stock subscription receivable	-	(3,790)
Accumulated deficit	<u>(69,910,974)</u>	<u>(66,983,176)</u>
Total Next 1 Interactive, Inc. stockholders' deficit	<u>(9,544,036)</u>	<u>(14,233,450)</u>
Noncontrolling interest	(4,988)	-
Total stockholders' deficit	<u>(9,549,024)</u>	<u>-</u>

Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	<u>\$ 5,057,792</u>	<u>\$ 462,647</u>
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*Derived from audited financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Next 1 Interactive, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	<u>For the three months ended</u>		<u>For the nine months ended</u>	
	<u>November 30,</u>		<u>November 30,</u>	
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Revenues				
Travel and commission revenues	\$ 89,199	\$ 140,187	\$ 397,466	\$ 689,071
Advertising revenues	<u>132,532</u>	<u>270,482</u>	<u>133,521</u>	<u>416,013</u>
Total revenues	221,731	410,669	530,987	1,105,084
Cost of revenues				
	<u>93,478</u>	<u>745,732</u>	<u>323,081</u>	<u>2,783,680</u>
Gross profit (loss)	128,253	(335,063)	207,906	(1,678,596)
Operating expenses				
Salaries and benefits	377,465	403,453	906,099	1,182,642
Selling and promotions expense	40,939	7,000	57,459	41,801
General and administrative	<u>1,348,060</u>	<u>1,042,046</u>	<u>2,237,630</u>	<u>3,496,335</u>
Total operating expenses	1,766,464	1,452,499	3,291,188	4,720,778
Operating loss	(1,638,211)	(1,787,562)	(3,083,282)	(6,399,374)
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	(328,093)	(1,616,455)	(1,573,565)	(4,950,743)
Loss on settlement of debt	(28,789)	(509,035)	(5,045)	(1,007,100)
Gain on legal settlement	250,000	-	250,000	3,129,790
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of derivatives	(204,573)	1,131,393	1,585,654	1,314,420
Other expense	<u>(52,714)</u>	<u>(26,901)</u>	<u>(102,759)</u>	<u>(113,535)</u>
Total other income (expense)	(364,169)	(1,020,998)	154,285	(1,627,168)
Net loss	(2,002,380)	(2,808,560)	(2,928,997)	(8,026,542)
Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries	4,988	-	4,988	-
Net loss attributable of Next 1 Interactive, Inc.	<u>\$ (1,997,392)</u>	<u>\$ (2,808,560)</u>	<u>\$ (2,924,009)</u>	<u>\$ (8,026,542)</u>
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	<u>9,429,561</u>	<u>257,086</u>	<u>5,949,549</u>	<u>182,630</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>\$ (0.21)</u>	<u>\$ (10.92)</u>	<u>\$ (0.49)</u>	<u>\$ (43.95)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Next 1 Interactive, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	For the nine months ended	
	November 30,	
	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss applicable to Next 1 Interactive, Inc. common stock	\$ (2,924,009)	\$ (8,026,542)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities:		
Interest on bridge loan conversions	-	348,535
Noncontrolling interest in loss of consolidated subsidiaries	(4,988)	
Warrants issued in lieu of interest	1,500	-
Loss on settlement of debt	5,045	1,007,100
Gain on legal settlement	(250,000)	(1,314,420)
Amortization of intangibles	51,075	917,154
Amortization of discount on notes payable	1,045,867	4,019,957
Amortization of finance fees	-	23,779
Stock based compensation and consulting fees	925,967	1,172,303
Conversion penalties	98,021	-
Fees assessed for debt assignment	31,000	-
Gain on change in fair value of derivatives	(1,585,654)	(3,129,790)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(36,383)	220,634
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	(22,918)	5,782
Increase in security deposits	(15,000)	13,850
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,180,065)	1,111,155
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	41,185	(386,954)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(3,819,357)</u>	<u>(4,017,457)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash used in acquisition of business	(277,000)	(200,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(277,000)</u>	<u>(200,000)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from convertible promissory notes	594,500	2,161,200
Payments on convertible promissory notes	(42,667)	(17,000)
Proceeds from other advances	-	190,000
Proceeds from other notes payable	50,000	130,000
Principal payments of other notes payable	(20,000)	(152,506)
Proceeds from shareholder loans	733,000	1,014,000
Payment on shareholder loans	(20,000)	-
Proceeds from sundry notes payable	-	100,000
Principal payments on sundry notes payable	(37,500)	(98,000)
Principal payments on capital lease	(25,405)	(37,558)
Proceeds from issuance of series A preferred shares	75,000	-
Proceeds from issuance of series B preferred shares	385,000	-
Proceeds from issuance of series D preferred shares	1,107,067	-
Proceeds from preferred series B subscriptions agreements	1,307,728	-
Proceeds from preferred series D subscriptions agreements	70,375	-
Proceeds from the collection of stock subscription receivable	-	263,415
Proceeds from the sale of common stock and warrants	-	348,750
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>4,177,098</u>	<u>3,902,301</u>

	<u>For the nine months ended</u>	
	<u>November 30,</u>	
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash	80,741	(315,156)
Cash at beginning of period	<u>12,989</u>	<u>419,817</u>
Cash at end of period	<u>\$ 93,730</u>	<u>\$ 104,661</u>
Supplemental disclosure:		
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ 265,424</u>	<u>\$ 15,100</u>

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activity:

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 385,734 shares of common stock and 358,400 one (1) to two (2) year warrants with an exercise price of \$.05 to \$1 in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$46,603. The value of the common stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable. The value of the warrants was estimated at date of grant using Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk free interest rate 0.16% to 0.23%, dividend yield of -0%, volatility factor of 287.30% to 396.95% and expected life of 1 to 2 years.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 38,000 shares of Series B Preferred stock in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$190,000. The value of the preferred stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 93,600 shares of Series D Preferred stock in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$544,239. The value of the preferred stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company entered into Series B Preferred stock subscription agreements for 11,000 shares in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$55,000. The value of the preferred stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company entered into Series C Preferred stock subscription agreements for 16,000 shares in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$80,000 and all shares have been issued. The value of the preferred stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company converted a series of promissory notes and issued 9,007,433 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$652,041, incurring \$98,021 of penalties for tardy conversions.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company entered into Series D preferred stock subscriptions agreements for 168,377 shares valued at \$841,866 for the conversion of promissory notes and issued all shares.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 32,000 shares of Series D preferred stock valued at \$83,761 for the conversion of promissory notes.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 30,000 shares of Series D preferred stock valued at \$150,000 for the conversion of shareholder loans.

On October 2, 2012 and as part of the purchase of 664.1 shares of Real Biz Holdings, Inc., the Company tendered a Series D preferred stock subscription agreement for 380,000 shares valued at \$1,900,000 as part of the purchase price and recording a value of \$4,796,178 of intangible assets upon acquisition of business. Additionally, the Company recorded a derivative liability valued at \$35,733 as the purchase agreement includes a "ratchet" provision. The fair value of the "ratchet" provision was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.29%, dividend yield of -0%, volatility factor of 395.51% and expected life of 2 years

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 3,600 shares of Series D preferred stock valued at \$18,000 for the conversion of accounts payable.

On August 21, 2012, the Company received \$50,000 in proceeds from a related-party investor and issued a bridge loan agreement with no maturity date. In lieu of interest, the Company issued 100,000 two (2) year warrants with an exercise price of \$0.05 per share valued at \$1,500 and charged to operations. The fair value of the warrants was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with

the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.29%, dividend yield of -0-%, volatility factor of 384.11% and expected life of 2 years.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the remaining 2,025 stock options issued on October 3, 2011, with an exercise price of \$7.25 to employees, directors and executives vested and the Company incurred \$10,125 in compensation costs.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company realized a Series A preferred stock dividend of \$3,790.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Business Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Business Organization

Next 1 Interactive (“Next 1” or the “Company”) is the parent company of RRTV Network (formerly Resort & Residence TV), Next Trip – its travel division, and Next One Realty – its real estate division. The company is positioning itself to emerge as a multi revenue stream “Next Generation” media-company, representing the convergence of TV, Mobile devices and the Internet by providing multiple platform dynamics for interactivity on TV, Video On Demand (VOD) and web solutions. The company has worked with multiple distributors beta testing its platforms as part of its roll out of TV programming and VOD Networks. The list of distributors the company has worked with includes Comcast, Cox, Time Warner and Direct TV. At present the company operates the Home Tour Network through its majority owned subsidiary real estate partner – RealBiz Media. The Home Tour Network features over 5,000 home listings in five cities on the Cox Communications network.

Next 1 Interactive is comprised of three distinct categories: The Company recognized the convergence taking place in interactive television/the web and began the process of recreating several of its key relationships in real estate, travel and media over the last three years in efforts to position itself for the interactive revolution with “TV everywhere”. Currently Next 1 has operating agreements and /or active discussions are underway with broadband, cable and Over the Top TV solutions for the Next 1 Networks during the next 12 months.

Linear TV Network with supporting Web sites – The potential revenue streams from Next 1 Networks - Traditional Advertising, Interactive Ads, Sponsorships, Paid Programming, travel commissions and Referral fees.

TV Video On Demand channels for Travel with supporting Web sites – The potential revenue streams from Travel Video on Demand - Monthly sponsorship packages, pre-roll advertising, travel commissions and referral fees, acceleration of company owned travel entities (Maupintours, Next Trip, Extraordinary Vacations and Trip Professionals).

TV Video on Demand channels for Real Estate with supporting Web sites – The potential revenue streams from Real Estate Video on Demand Channel - Commissions and referral fees on home sales, pre-roll/post-roll advertising, lead generation fees, banner ads and cross market advertising promotions (\$89 listing and marketing fee, web and mobile advertising).

On October 9, 2008, the Company acquired the majority of shares in Maximus Exploration Corporation, a reporting shell company, pursuant to a share exchange agreement. The share exchange provided for the exchange rate of 1 share of Maximus common stock for 60 shares Extraordinary Vacations USA common stock. The consolidated financial statements of Next 1, Interactive, Inc. reflects the retroactive effect of the Share Exchange as if it had occurred at March 1, 2008. All loss per share amounts are reflected based on Next 1 shares outstanding, basic and dilutive.

Effective May 22, 2012, the Company effected a 1-for-500 reverse stock split which reduced the number of issued and outstanding shares from 1,848,014,287 to 3,696,029 shares. The consolidated financial statements have been retroactively adjusted to reflect this reverse stock split.

Material Definitive Agreement

On October 9, 2012, RealBiz Media Group, Inc., formerly known as Webdigs, Inc. (our “Company”), and Next 1 Interactive, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“Next 1”), completed the transactions contemplated by that certain Share Exchange Agreement entered into on April 4, 2012 (the “Exchange Agreement”). Under the Exchange Agreement, our Company received all of the outstanding equity in Attaché Travel International, Inc., a Florida corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of Next 1 (“Attaché”). Attaché in turn owns approximately 80% of a corporation named RealBiz Holdings Inc. which is the parent corporation of RealBiz360, Inc. (“RealBiz”). RealBiz is a real estate media services company whose proprietary video processing technology has made it one of the leaders in providing home virtual tours to the real estate industry. In exchange for our Company’s receipt of the Attaché shares from Next 1, our Company issued to Next 1 a total of 93 million shares of our newly designated Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (our “Series A Stock”). The exchange of Attaché shares in exchange for our Series A Stock is referred to as the “Exchange Transaction.”

Coincident with the closing of the Exchange Transaction, we converted all of our outstanding debt, payable and liabilities owed to Robert A. Buntz, Jr. (“Buntz”) and Edward Wicker (“Wicker”) into an aggregate of 7 million shares of Series A Stock. Specifically, Buntz received 5,983,600 shares of Series A Stock upon his conversion of approximately \$401,498 in liabilities we owed him, and Wicker received 1,016,400 shares of Series A Stock upon his conversion of approximately \$53,356 in liabilities we owed him. Buntz was, and remains after the Exchange Transaction, a director of our Company and our Chief Executive Officer. At the closing of the Exchange Transaction, Wicker resigned his position as a director of our Company and as our Chief Financial Officer.

As a condition to the closing of the Exchange Transaction, our Company changed its name from “Webdigs, Inc.” to “RealBiz Media Group, Inc.” on October 3, 2012, by engaging in a short-form parent-subsidary merger in the State of Delaware.

As a result of the Exchange Transaction and the conversion of liabilities referred to above, the shareholders of our Company before the Exchange Transaction retained approximately 365,176 shares of common stock (after giving effect to a reverse split effected as of May 3, 2012), representing approximately .364% of our issued and outstanding shares of capital stock (both common and preferred immediately after the Exchange Transaction. Unless otherwise indicated, all common share figures set forth are on a post-split basis.

Basis of Presentation and Going Concern

The unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this report have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim reporting and include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation. These consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations for interim reporting. The Company believes that the disclosures contained herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. However, these consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report for the year ended February 29, 2012, which is included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended February 29, 2012. The financial data for the interim periods presented may not necessarily reflect the results to be anticipated for the complete year.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company owns 84.5% interest in Real Biz Holdings, Inc. and 92.66% interest in Real Biz Media Group, Inc. and these entities' accounts are consolidated in the accompanying financial statements because we have control over operating and financial policies. All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Note 1 - Summary of Business Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Noncontrolling Interests

The Company accounts for its less than 100% interest in consolidated subsidiaries in accordance with ASC Topic 810, *Consolidation*, and accordingly the Company presents noncontrolling interests as a component of equity on its unaudited consolidated balance sheets and reports noncontrolling interest net loss under the heading “Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiary” in the unaudited consolidated statements of operations.

Use of Estimates

The Company’s significant estimates include allowance for doubtful accounts, valuation of intangible assets, accrued expenses and derivative liabilities. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. While the Company believes that such estimates are fair when considered in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, the actual amounts of such estimates, when known, will vary from these estimates. If actual results significantly differ from the Company’s estimates, the Company’s financial condition and results of operations could be materially impacted.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term investments with insignificant interest rate risk and original maturities of 90 days or less.

Accounts Receivable

The Company extends credit to its customers in the normal course of business. Further, the Company regularly reviews outstanding receivables, and provides for estimated losses through an allowance for doubtful accounts. In evaluating the level of established loss reserves, the Company makes judgments regarding its customers’ ability to make required payments, economic events and other factors. As the financial condition of these parties change, circumstances develop or additional information becomes available, adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts may be required. The Company also performs ongoing credit evaluations of customers’ financial condition. The Company maintains reserves for potential credit losses, and such losses traditionally have been within its expectations.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 360-10, “Property, Plant and Equipment”, the Company periodically reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. The Company recognizes an impairment loss when the sum of expected undiscounted future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset. The amount of impairment is measured as the difference between the asset’s estimated fair value and its book value. As of November 30, 2012, the Company had no long-lived assets.

Website Development Costs

The Company accounts for website development costs in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 350-50 “Website Development Costs”. Accordingly, all costs incurred in the planning stage are expensed as incurred, costs incurred in the website application and infrastructure development stage that meet specific criteria are capitalized and costs incurred in the day to day operation of the website are expensed as incurred.

Management placed the website into service during the fiscal year ended February 28, 2010, subject to straight-line amortization over a three year period.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

In accordance with ASC 350-30-65 “Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, the Company assesses the impairment of identifiable intangible whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Factors the Company considers to be important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

1. Significant underperformance to expect historical or project future operating results;
2. Significant changes in the manner or use of the acquired assets or the strategy for the overall business; and
3. Significant negative industry or economic trends.

When the Company determines that the carrying value of an intangible may not be recoverable based upon the existence of one or more of the above indicator of impairment and the carrying value of the asset cannot be recovered from projected undiscounted cash flow, the Company records and impairment charge. The Company measures any impairment based on a project discounted cash flow method using a discount rate determined by management to be commensurate with the risk inherent to the current business model. Significant management judgment is required in determining whether an indicator of impairment exist and in projecting cash flows. The Company did not consider it necessary to

record and impairment charge on its intangible assets during the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011.

Intellectual properties that have finite useful lives are amortized over their useful lives. The amortization expense for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 is \$51,075 and \$917,154 respectively.

Convertible Debt Instruments

The Company records debt net of debt discount for beneficial conversion features and warrants, on a relative fair value basis. Beneficial conversion features are recorded pursuant to the Beneficial Conversion and Debt Topics of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The amounts allocated to warrants and beneficial conversion rights are recorded as debt discount and as additional paid-in-capital. Debt discount is amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt.

Note 1 - Summary of Business Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Derivative Instruments

The Company enters into financing arrangements that consist of freestanding derivative instruments or are hybrid instruments that contain embedded derivative features. The Company accounts for these arrangements in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification topic 815, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (“ASC 815”) as well as related interpretation of this standard. In accordance with this standard, derivative instruments are recognized as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and are measured at fair values with gains or losses recognized in earnings. Embedded derivatives that are not clearly and closely related to the host contract are bifurcated and are recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recognized as either a gain or loss in earnings. The Company determines the fair value of derivative instruments and hybrid instruments based on available market data using appropriate valuation models, giving consideration to all of the rights and obligations of each instrument.

We estimate fair values of derivative financial instruments using various techniques (and combinations thereof) that are considered to be consistent with the objective measuring fair values. In selecting the appropriate technique, we consider, among other factors, the nature of the instrument, the market risks that it embodies and the expected means of settlement. For less complex derivative instruments, such as free-standing warrants, we generally use the Black-Scholes model, adjusted for the effect of dilution, because it embodies all of the requisite assumptions (including trading volatility, estimated terms, dilution and risk free rates) necessary to fair value these instruments. Estimating fair values of derivative financial instruments requires the development of significant and subjective estimates that may, and are likely to, change over the duration of the instrument with related changes in internal and external market factors. In addition, option-based techniques (such as Black-Scholes model) are highly volatile and sensitive to changes in the trading market price of our common stock. Since derivative financial instruments are initially and subsequently carried at fair values, our income (expense) going forward will reflect the volatility in these estimates and assumption changes. Under the terms of the new accounting standard, increases in the trading price of the company’s common stock and increases in fair value during a given financial quarter result in the application of non-cash derivative expense. Conversely, decreases in the trading price of the Company’s common stock and decreases in trading fair value during a given financial quarter result in the application of non-cash derivative income.

Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock, common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive securities outstanding during each period. Diluted loss per common share is not presented because it is anti-dilutive. The Company’s common stock equivalents include the following:

	November 30, 2012	November 30, 2011
Series A convertible preferred stock issued and outstanding	1,884,611	21,590
Series B convertible preferred stock issued and outstanding	2,068,000	-0-
Series C convertible preferred stock issued and outstanding	-0-	-0-
Series D convertible preferred stock issued and outstanding	2,815,885	-0-
Warrants to purchase common stock issued, outstanding and exercisable	2,983,438	150,797
Stock options issued, outstanding and exercisable	4,050	4,050
Series C convertible preferred subscribed	80,000	-0-
Series D convertible preferred subscribed	1,900,000	-0-
Shares on convertible promissory notes	31,215,205	415,765
	<u>42,951,189</u>	<u>592,202</u>

Revenue Recognition

Barter

Barter transactions represent the exchange of advertising or programming for advertising, merchandise or services. Barter transactions which exchange advertising for advertising are accounted for in accordance with EITF Issue No. 99-17 “Accounting for Advertising Barter Transactions” (ASC Topic 605-20-25), which are recorded at the fair value of the advertising provided based on the Company’s own historical practice of receiving cash for similar advertising from buyers unrelated to the counterparty in the barter transactions.

Barter transactions which exchange advertising or programming for merchandise or services are recorded at the monetary value of the revenue expected to be realized from the ultimate disposition of merchandise or services. Expenses incurred in broadcasting barter provided are recorded when the program, merchandise or service is utilized.

The Company did not recognize Barter revenue or expense for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Note 1 - Summary of Business Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Travel

Gross travel tour revenues represent the total retail value of transactions booked for both agency and merchant transactions recorded at the time of booking, reflecting the total price due for travel by travelers, including taxes, fees and other charges, and are generally reduced for cancellations and refunds. We also generate revenue from paid cruise ship bookings in the form of commissions. Commission revenue is recognized at the date the price is fixed or determinable, the delivery is completed, no other significant obligations of the Company exist and collectability is reasonably assured. Payments received before all of the relevant criteria for revenue recognition are satisfied are recorded as unearned revenue.

Advertising

We recognize advertising revenues in the period in which the advertisement is displayed, provided that evidence of an arrangement exists, the fees are fixed or determinable and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. If fixed-fee advertising is displayed over a term greater than one month, revenues are recognized ratably over the period as described below. The majority of insertion orders have terms that begin and end in a quarterly reporting period. In the cases where at the end of a quarterly reporting period the term of an insertion order is not complete, the Company recognizes revenue for the period by pro-rating the total arrangement fee to revenue and deferred revenue based on a measure of proportionate performance of its obligation under the insertion order. The Company measures proportionate performance by the number of placements delivered and undelivered as of the reporting date. The Company uses prices stated on its internal rate card for measuring the value of delivered and undelivered placements. Fees for variable-fee advertising arrangements are recognized based on the number of impressions displayed or clicks delivered during the period.

Under these policies, no revenue is recognized unless persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collection is deemed reasonably assured. The Company considers an insertion order signed by the client or its agency to be evidence of an arrangement.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues includes costs directly attributable to services sold and delivered. These costs include such items as broadcast carriage fees, costs to produce television content, sales commission to business partners, hotel and airfare, cruises and membership fees.

Sales and Promotion

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of advertising and promotional expenses, salary expenses associated with sales and marketing staff, expenses related to our participation in industry conferences, and public relations expenses. The goal of our advertising is to acquire new subscribers for our e-mail products, increase the traffic to our Web sites, and increase brand awareness.

Advertising Expense

Advertising costs are charged to expense as incurred and are included in selling and promotions expense in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Advertising expense for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and November 30, 2011 was \$57,459 and \$48,000, respectively.

Share Based Compensation

The Company computes share based payments in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 718-10 "Compensation" (ASC 718-10). ASC 718-10 establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods and services at fair value, focusing primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employees services in share-based payment transactions. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods and services that are based on the fair value of an entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments.

In March 2005, the SEC issued SAB No. 107, Share-Based Payment ("SAB 107") which provides guidance regarding the interaction of ASC 718-10 and certain SEC rules and regulations. The Company has applied the provisions of SAB 107 in its adoption of ASC 718-10.

Note 1 - Summary of Business Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740, Accounting for Income Taxes, as clarified by ASC 740-10, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. Under this method, deferred income taxes are determined based on the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities given the provisions of enacted tax laws. Deferred income tax provisions and benefits are based on changes to the assets or liabilities from year to year. In providing for deferred taxes, the Company considers tax regulations of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates, estimates of future taxable income, and available tax planning strategies. If tax regulations, operating results or the ability to implement tax-planning strategies vary, adjustments to the carrying value of deferred tax assets and liabilities may be required. Valuation allowances are recorded related to deferred tax assets based on the “more likely than not” criteria of ASC 740.

ASC 740-10 requires that the Company recognize the financial statement benefit of a tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the “more-likely-than-not” threshold, the amount recognized in the consolidated financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company adopted ASC topic 820, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures” (ASC 820), formerly SFAS No. 157 “Fair Value Measurements,” effective January 1, 2009. ASC 820 defines “fair value” as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There was no impact relating to the adoption of ASC 820 to the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

ASC 820 also describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Observable inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs that are generally unobservable. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management’s best estimate of fair value.

Financial instruments consist principally of cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other current liabilities. The carrying amounts of such financial instruments in the accompanying balance sheets approximate their fair values due to their relatively short-term nature. The fair value of long-term debt is based on current rates at which the Company could borrow funds with similar remaining maturities. The carrying amounts approximate fair value. It is management’s opinion that the Company is not exposed to any significant currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. See footnote 16 for fair value measurements.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts previously reported in the fiscal year ended February 29, 2012 have been reclassified to conform to the classifications used in the nine months ended November 30, 2012. Such reclassifications have no effect on the reported net loss.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2012, the Company adopted ASU 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income (“ASU 2011-05”). ASU 2011-05 requires entities to report components of comprehensive income in either (1) a continuous statement of comprehensive income or (2) two separate but consecutive statements. Under the two-statement approach, the first statement would include components of net income, and the second statement would include components of other comprehensive income. This ASU does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income. The adoption of ASU 2011-05 did not have a material impact on the Company’s interim unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2012, the Company adopted ASU 2011-08, Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (“ASU 2011-08”). ASU 2011-08 permits an entity to make a qualitative assessment of whether it is more likely than not that a reporting unit’s fair value is less than its carrying amount before applying the two-step goodwill impairment test. If an entity concludes it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, it need not perform the two-step impairment test. The adoption of ASU 2011-08 did not have a material impact on the Company’s interim unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Business Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In July 2012, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) amended ASC 350, “Intangibles — Goodwill and Other”. This amendment is intended to simplify how an entity tests indefinite-lived assets other than goodwill for impairment by providing entities with an option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing is necessary. The amended provisions will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2014, and early adoption is permitted. This amendment impacts impairment testing steps only, and therefore adoption will not have an impact on the Company’s consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In August 2012, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2012-03, “Technical Amendments and Corrections to SEC Sections: Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 114, Technical Amendments Pursuant to SEC Release No. 33-9250, and Corrections Related to FASB Accounting Standards Update 2010-22 (SEC Update)” in Accounting Standards Update No. 2012-03. This update amends various SEC paragraphs pursuant to the issuance of SAB No. 114. The adoption of ASU 2012-03 is not expected to have a material impact on financial position or results of operations of the Company.

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-04, “Technical Corrections and Improvements” in Accounting Standards Update No. 2012-04 (“ASU 2012-04”). The amendments in this update cover a wide range of topics in the Accounting Standards Codification. These amendments include technical corrections and improvements to the Accounting Standards Codification and conforming amendments related to fair value measurements. The amendments in this update will be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-04 is not expected to have a material impact on financial position or results of operations of the Company.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards if currently adopted would have a material effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Note 2 - Going Concern

As reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$69,910,974 and a working capital deficit of \$14,350,162 at November 30, 2012, net losses for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 of \$2,928,997 and cash used in operations during the nine months ended November 30, 2012 of \$3,819,357. While the Company is attempting to increase sales, the growth has yet to achieve significant levels to fully support its daily operations.

Management’s plans with regard to this going concern are as follows: The Company will continue to raise funds through private placements with third parties by way of a public or private offering. In addition, the Board of Directors has agreed to make available, to the extent possible, the necessary capital required to allow management to aggressively expand its planned Interactive and Video on Demand solutions. Management and Board members are working aggressively to increase the viewership of our network by promoting it across other mediums as well as other networks which will increase value to advertisers and result in higher advertising rates and revenues.

While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to improve sales volume and in its ability to raise additional funds, there can be no assurances to that effect. The Company’s limited financial resources have prevented the Company from aggressively advertising its products and services to achieve consumer recognition. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company’s ability to further implement its business plan and generate greater revenues. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. Management believes that the actions presently being taken to further implement its business plan and generate additional revenues provide the opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern.

Note 3 – Property and Equipment

As of November 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, the Company did not record property and equipment on its books and records. Any property and equipment previously recorded was fully impaired and written off. Therefore, there was no depreciation expense recorded for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011.

Note 4 – Website Development Costs and Intangible Assets

The following table sets forth the intangible assets, both acquired and developed, including accumulated amortization:

	Remaining Useful Life	November 30, 2012		
		Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Supplier Relationships	0.0 years	\$ 7,938,935	\$ 7,938,935	\$ -0-
Technology	0.0 years	5,703,829	5,703,829	-0-
Amortizable Intangible Asset	*	4,796,178	-0-	4,796,178
Website development costs	0.7 years	719,323	673,807	45,516
Trade Name	0.0 years	291,859	291,859	-0-
		<u>\$ 19,450,124</u>	<u>\$ 14,608,430</u>	<u>\$ 4,841,694</u>

* The Company is in review of the facts and circumstances surrounding events to determine if the carrying amount of held-and-used identifiable amortizable intangibles acquired during the October 2012 acquisition may be reallocated under the provisions of ASC 350 and ASC 805. The Company has until October 2013 (12 months) to determine the final allocations and it is studying a reallocation with more emphasis on “customer relationships and customer lists”. No amortization has been calculated based on the original allocations.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their expected useful lives, estimated to be 7 years, except for the web site which is 3 years. Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$51,075 and \$917,154 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Note 5 – Acquisitions

On October 3, 2012, the Company entered a securities exchange agreement and exercised the option purchase agreement to purchase 664.1 common shares of Real Biz Holdings, Inc. The Company applied \$300,000 of cash, issued a Series D Preferred stock subscription agreement for 380,000 shares and agreed to a \$50,000 thirty day (30) day post closing final buyout bringing the total value of the agreement to \$2,250,000.

The Company accounted for the acquisition utilizing the purchase method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805 "Business Combinations". The Company is the acquirer for accounting purposes and Real Biz Holdings, Inc. is the acquired Company. Accordingly, the Company applied push-down accounting and adjusted to fair value all of the assets and liabilities directly on the financial statements of the subsidiary, Real Biz Holdings, Inc.

The net purchase price, including acquisition costs paid by the Company, was allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the records of the Company as follows:

Cash	\$ 34,366
Other current assets	40,696
Intangible asset	4,796,178
	<u>4,871,240</u>
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other miscellaneous payables	2,330,846
Deferred revenue	48,569
Convertible notes payable to officer	241,825
	<u>2,621,240</u>
Net purchase price	<u>\$ 2,250,000</u>

Unaudited pro forma results of operations data as if the Company, Real Biz Holdings, Inc. and RealBiz Media Group, Inc. had occurred as of March 1, 2012 are as follows:

The Company, Real Biz Holdings, Inc and RealBiz Media Group, Inc.	The Company, Real Biz Holdings, Inc and RealBiz Media Group, Inc.
For thenine months ended	For the nine months ended

	November 30, 2012	November 30, 2011
Pro forma revenue	\$1,238,897	\$2,277,816
Pro forma loss from operations	\$3,508,884	\$7,025,192
Pro forma net loss	\$3,354,599	\$8,652,360
Pro forma basic and diluted net loss per share	\$0.56	\$47.38

On October 9, 2012, RealBiz Media Group, Inc., formerly known as Webdigs, Inc. (our “Company”), and Next 1 Interactive, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“Next 1”), completed the transactions contemplated by that certain Share Exchange Agreement entered into on April 4, 2012 (the “Exchange Agreement”). Under the Exchange Agreement, our Company received all of the outstanding equity in Attaché Travel International, Inc., a Florida corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of Next 1 (“Attaché”). Attaché in turn owns approximately 80% of a corporation named RealBiz Holdings Inc. which is the parent corporation of RealBiz360, Inc. (“RealBiz”). RealBiz is a real estate media services company whose proprietary video processing technology has made it one of the leaders in providing home virtual tours to the real estate industry. In exchange for our Company’s receipt of the Attaché shares from Next 1, our Company issued to Next 1 a total of 93 million shares of our newly designated Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (our “Series A Stock”). The exchange of Attaché shares in exchange for our Series A Stock is referred to as the “Exchange Transaction.”

Note 6 - Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following at November 30:

	<u>2012</u>
Trade accounts payable	\$ 1,639,879
Accrued interest	499,673
Deferred salary	76,891
Accrued expenses - other	668,573
	<u>\$ 2,885,016</u>

Note 7 – Notes Payable

On May 28, 2010, the Company entered into a settlement agreement (the “Agreement”) by and among the Company and Televisual Media, a Colorado limited liability company, TV Ad Works, LLC, a Colorado limited liability company, TV Net Works, a Colorado limited liability company, TV iWorks, a Colorado limited liability and Mr. Gary Turner and Mrs. Staci Turner, individuals residing in the State of Colorado (individually and collectively “TVMW,” and together with the Company, the “Parties”), in order to resolve certain disputed claims regarding the service agreements referred to above. The final settlement agreement stipulates that the settlement shall not be construed as an admission or denial of liability by any party hereto.

On March 23, 2011, the Company entered into a debt purchase agreement whereby \$65,000 of certain aged debt evidenced by a Settlement Agreement dated May 28, 2010 for \$1,000,000 with a remaining balance of \$815,000, was purchased by a non-related third party investor. As part of the agreement, the Company received \$65,000 in consideration for issuing a 6 month, 21% convertible promissory note, with a face value of \$68,500, maturing on September 23, 2011. On August 31, 2011, the noteholder entered into a wrap around agreement to assign \$485,000 of its debt to investors and immediately assigned \$50,000 of its principal to a non-related third party investor and the Company issued a secured convertible promissory note for the same value.

Note 7 – Notes Payable (continued)

On September 6, 2011, the Company re-negotiated the settlement agreement note, due to default, until February 1, 2013 for \$785,000. Beginning on October 1, 2011, the Company shall make payments of \$50,000 due on the first day of each month. The first \$185,000 in payments shall be in cash and the remaining \$600,000 shall be made in cash or common stock. On February 15, 2012, the noteholder assigned \$225,000 of its \$785,000 outstanding promissory note to a non-related third party investor and the Company issued a new convertible promissory note for the same value. As of November 30, 2012, the remaining principal balance is \$510,000 and the note is in default.

On August 16, 2004, the Company entered into a promissory note with an unrelated third party for \$500,000. The note bears interest at 7% per year and matured in March 2011 and is payable in quarterly installments of \$25,000. As of November 30, 2012, the remaining principal balance is \$177,942 and un-paid accrued interest is \$135,355. The Company is in default of this note.

In February 2009, the Company restructured note agreements with three existing noteholders. The collective balance at the time of the restructuring was \$250,000 plus accrued interest payable of \$158,000 which was consolidated into three new notes payable totaling \$408,000. The notes bear interest at 10% per year and matured on May 31, 2010, at which time the total amount of principle and accrued interest was due. In connection with the restructure of these notes the Company issued 150,000 detachable 3 year warrants to purchase common stock at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share. The warrant issuance was recorded as a discount and amortized monthly over the terms of the note. On July 30, 2010, the Company issued 535,000 shares of common stock to settle all of these note agreements except for \$25,000 of principal and \$4,799 of un-paid interest still owed as of November 30, 2012 and the Company is in default of this note.

In connection with the acquisition of Brands on Demand, a five year lease agreement was entered into by an officer of the Company. Subsequent to terminating the officer, the Company entered into an early termination agreement with the lessor in the amount of \$30,000 secured by a promissory note to be paid in monthly installments of \$2,500, beginning June 1, 2009 and maturing June 1, 2010. As of November 30, 2012, the Company has not made any installment payments on this obligation and the remaining principal balance of the note is \$30,000, un-paid accrued interest is \$10,926 and the Company is in default of this note.

On November 17, 2010, the Company entered into a demand note for the principal sum of \$100,000. The terms of the loan is set for three weeks with the loan due and payable as of December 8, 2010. The lender has the option to receive payment of the loan in the amount of \$100,000 plus 100,000 warrants for Next 1 Interactive common stock at \$0.50 per share for a 3 year term or an alternative form of repayment. The alternative form of repayment gives the lender the right to have the loan amalgamated into an existing subscription agreement with the Noteholder, under the same terms of \$0.50 per share with two warrants per share exercisable at \$1.00 per share with a three year term. The Company has not issued the warrants to the lender and on May 16, 2011, entered into a convertible promissory note agreement rolling the balance of \$100,000, adjoining an additional note for \$125,000 into a new convertible promissory note of \$225,000.

On June 15, 2011, the Company received \$100,000 in consideration for issuing a six months interest free \$106,000 promissory note maturing November 25, 2011, incurring a one-time fee of \$6,000. The payments shall be due and payable as follows: \$26,500 on August 15, 2011; 26,500 on September 26, 2011; \$26,500 on October 25, 2011; and \$26,500 on November 25, 2011. On July 17, 2012, the Company entered an exchange agreement whereby a noteholder converted several promissory notes totaling \$278,000 into one new convertible promissory note and additionally the Company received \$200,000 from the same third-party investor and issued a convertible promissory note valued at \$478,000.

On December 5, 2011, the Company converted \$252,833 of accounts payable and executed a 8% promissory note to same vendor. Commencing on December 5, 2011 and continuing on the 1st day of each calendar month thereafter, the Company shall pay \$12,000 per month. All payments shall be applied first to payment in full of any costs incurred in the collection of any sum due under this Note, including, without limitation, reasonable attorney's fee, then to payment in full of accrued and unpaid interest and finally to the reduction of the outstanding principal balance of the Note. As of November 30, 2012, the remaining principal balance is \$221,129 and un-paid accrued interest is \$9,517 and there have been no monthly payments for the past nine months.

Debt maturities over the next five years attributable to the foregoing are tabulated below:

For the nine months ending November 30,	
2013	\$ 959,072
2014	-0-
2015 and thereafter	-0-
Total	<u>\$ 959,072</u>

Interest charged to operations relating to this note was \$30,374 and \$53,436, respectively for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011.

Note 8 – Capital Lease Payable

On June 1, 2006, the Company entered into a five year lease agreement for the purchase, installation, maintenance and training costs of certain telephone, communications and computer hardware equipment with a related party. The lease requires monthly payments of \$5,078 including interest at approximately 18% per year and expires on June 1, 2011. On September 3, 2010, the Company amended the original agreement and secured additional financing in the amount of \$56,671 to procure additional equipment for our real estate VOD operations as part of joint venture agreement with an un-related entity Real Biz, Inc. The purpose is to provide the funding necessary for Real Biz, Inc. to purchase and install “Solution Hardware” that will be owned by Real Biz, Inc. The lease agreement remained unchanged with the exception of the terms being extended to September 1, 2012. As of November 30, 2012, the Company has satisfied all the terms of the lease agreement. Interest expense on the lease was \$1,208 and \$8,149 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Note 9 – Other Notes Payable

Related Party

A director and officer had advanced funds to the Company since inception. As of November 30, 2012, the Company does not have any principal balance due to the officer/director, however there is an unpaid accrued interest balance totaling \$1,567. The interest is at 18% per annum, compounded daily, on the unpaid balance. Interest expense recognized for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 is \$199 and \$414, respectively.

An individual that is related to an existing director/officer has advanced funds to the Company since inception of which the principal amounts have been repaid. As of November 30, 2012, the Company does not have any principal or accrued interest due to this individual. Interest expense recognized for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 is \$-0- and \$2,238, respectively.

An unrelated entity where the director/officer is president has advanced funds to the Company since inception of which the principal amounts have been repaid. As of November 30, 2012, the Company does not have any principal balance due to this entity, however there is an unpaid accrued interest balance totaling \$10,926. Interest expense recognized for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 is \$1,385 and \$1,712, respectively.

On August 21, 2012, the Company received \$50,000 in proceeds from a related-party investor and issued a bridge loan agreement with no maturity date. In lieu of interest, the Company issued 100,000 two (2) year warrants with an exercise price of \$0.05 per share valued at \$1,500 and charged to operations. The fair value of the warrants was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.29%, dividend yield of -0-%, volatility factor of 384.11% and expected life of 2 years. Interest expense recognized for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 is \$1,500 and \$-0-, respectively.

Non Related Party

On March 5, 2010, the Company entered into a promissory note with a director (“holder”) of the Company. Pursuant to the note, the holder agreed to loan the Company \$3,500,000. The note has an effective date of January 25, 2010 and a maturity date of January 25, 2011. The note bears interest at 6% per annum and as an incentive, the Company, on April 30, 2010, issued 850,000 warrants to the holder with a six-year life and a fair value of approximately \$175,000 to purchase shares of the Company’s common stock, \$0.00001 par value, per share, at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. As part of the original agreement on July 12, 2010, the Company issued 100,000 warrants to the holder with a three-year life and a fair value of approximately \$22,372 to purchase shares of the Company’s common stock, \$0.00001 par value, per share, at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. Additionally, on July 23, 2010, the Company issued 100,000 warrants to the holder with a six-year life and a fair value of approximately \$33,427 to purchase shares of the Company’s common stock, \$0.00001 par value, per share, at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The fair value of the warrants was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate between 0.94% and 1.51%, dividend yield of -0-%, volatility factor between 115.05% and 124.65% and an expected life of 1.5 years.

Note 9 – Other Notes Payable (continued)

Non Related Party (continued)

The fair value of warrants is amortized as finance fees over the term of the loan. The Company recorded approximately \$230,880 in prepaid finance fees upon origination and was fully amortized. Interest expense recognized for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 is \$-0- and \$4,060, respectively. On March 11, 2011, the Company entered into a termination agreement with the noteholder where upon the note holder exercised 1,050,000 warrants into common shares, converted \$450,000 of principal owed under the current note into 2,250,000 common shares, executed a new convertible promissory note of \$500,000 and \$25,000 was applied as a credit against a stock subscription of the noteholder's daughter.

On March 5, 2010, the Company entered into a promissory note with a former director (“holder”) of the Company. Pursuant to the note, the holder agreed to loan the Company \$3,500,000. The note has an effective date of January 25, 2010 and a maturity date of January 25, 2011. The note bears interest at 6% per annum. Previous to entering into this agreement and as an incentive, the Company, on January 27, 2010, issued 7,000,000 warrants to the holder with a six-year life and a fair value of \$2.3 million to purchase shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.00001 par value, per share, at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The fair value of the warrants was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 1.46%, dividend yield of -0-%, volatility factor of 136.1% and an expected life of 1.5 years. The fair value of warrants is amortized as finance fees over the term of the loan. The Company recorded approximately \$2.3 million in prepaid finance fees upon origination and was fully amortized. Interest expense recognized for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 is \$-0- and \$46,369, respectively. During the three months ended November 30, 2011, the Company received \$130,000 in advances from the former director (holder) of which the Company repaid \$130,000. On April 15, 2011 the former note, plus accrued interest was converted into six convertible promissory notes totaling \$6,099,526.

The Company has an existing promissory note, dated July 23, 2010, with a shareholder in the amount of \$100,000. The note was due and payable on July 23, 2011 and bore interest at rate of 6% per annum. As consideration for the loan, the Company issued 200 warrants to the holder with a three year life and a fair value of approximately \$33,000 to purchase shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.00001 par value, per share, at an exercise price of \$500 per share. On September 26, 2011, the noteholder assigned \$30,000 of its principal to a non-related third party investor and the Company issued a convertible promissory note for same value, leaving a remaining balance of \$70,000 as of November 30, 2012. As of November 30, 2012, the principal balance of this note is in default. The fair value of the warrants was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.984%, dividend yield of -0-%, volatility factor of 115.05% and an expected life of 1.5 years. The fair value of warrants is amortized as finance fees over the term of the loan. The Company recorded approximately \$33,000 in prepaid finance fees upon origination and amortized approximately \$-0- and \$13,279 in expense, respectively for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011. Interest charged to operations relating to this note was \$3,668 and \$4,472, respectively for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011.

Note 10 – Other Advances

Related Party

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company incurred no activity. The principal balance as of November 30, 2012 totaled \$18,000.

Non Related Party

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company incurred no activity. The principal balance as of November 30, 2012, totaled \$50,000.

Note 11 – Shareholder Loans

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company received cash advances amounting to \$733,000 from shareholders. Of this amount, \$608,000 was designated for Series B Preferred Stock and \$130,000 received in the year ended February 29, 2011 was designated for Series B Preferred Stock. Additionally, \$225,000 was assigned to a convertible promissory note, the Company issued 30,000 shares of Series D Preferred stock in satisfaction of a shareholder loan balance and paid \$20,000 in reducing a shareholder loan balance. The remaining balance as of November 30, 2012 totaled \$440,000.

Note 12 – Convertible Promissory Notes

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company received a total of \$594,500 of proceeds of which \$344,500 came from non-related third party investors and \$250,000 came from related party investors. In turn, the Company issued convertible promissory notes with interest rates ranging from 6% to 12% per annum, maturity dates ranging from September 30, 2012 to October 15, 2012 and with various conversion features.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company incurred \$31,000 in fees for debt assignments and \$98,021 of penalties for late conversions for various note holders, increasing each respective noteholder's principal balance. During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company converted \$280,000 of accrued interest, \$225,000 of shareholder loans and \$53,000 of notes payable into convertible promissory notes. Additionally, various noteholders assigned \$336,600 of principal to new non-related third party investors. In turn, the Company issued \$336,600 of convertible promissory notes with interest rates of 6% per annum, maturity dates ranging from February 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013 and with various conversion features.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, various noteholders voluntarily converted \$1,513,712 of principal and interest and the Company issued 9,007,307 shares of its common stock and 200,377 shares of preferred series D stock. Additionally, a noteholder cancelled \$6,000 of its principal balance through an amendment of its convertible promissory note.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company recognized \$194,664 in debt discount due to the embedded variable conversion features within various notes incurred and an initial derivative liability recorded. The Company used the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to calculate the initial fair value of the derivatives with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rates from 0.14% to 0.27%, dividend yield of -0%, volatility factor from 282.18% to 397.14% and expected life from eight to 25 months. Amortization of debt discount during the nine months ending November 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$1,045,867 and 4,019,957, respectively.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company recognized a gain on the change in fair value of derivatives in the amounts of \$1,585,654 and \$3,129,790, respectively. The Company determines the fair value of the embedded conversion option liability using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rates from 0.09% to 0.14%, dividend yield of -0%, volatility factor of 1.77 % to 417.10% and expected life from one to 24 months.

Below is a summary of the convertible promissory notes as of November 30, 2012:

	Remaining Principal Balance	Un-Amortized Debt Discount	Carrying Value	Principal Past Due
Non-Related Party				
Current	\$ 7,741,047	\$ 43,799	\$ 7,697,248	\$ 6,284,173
Long term	70,000	29,444	40,556	-0-
	<u>7,811,047</u>	<u>73,243</u>	<u>7,737,804</u>	<u>6,284,173</u>
Related Party				
Current	605,000	-0-	605,000	605,000
Long term	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
	<u>605,000</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>605,000</u>	<u>605,000</u>
	<u>\$ 8,416,047</u>	<u>\$ 73,243</u>	<u>\$ 8,342,804</u>	<u>\$ 6,889,173</u>

Interest rates ranged from 5.0% to 12.0% and maturity dates ranged from January 10, 2012 to December 31, 2013. During the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company recognized interest expense of \$445,990 and \$342,772, respectively.

Convertible promissory note attributable to related party officer of consolidated subsidiary

During the year ended October 31, 2010, the Company borrowed \$355,500 from its CEO under a convertible promissory note accruing interest at an annual rate of 12%. At October 31, 2012 and 2011, the balances due under this note were \$241,825 and \$243,079, respectively. The note is currently convertible into the Company's common stock at \$2.00 per share. For year ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company incurred \$24,716 and \$46,038 of interest expense in connection with this note. Accrued interest included in accrued expenses due under the note as of October 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$113,071 and \$91,962, respectively. The accrued interest is also convertible into the Company's common stock at \$2.00 per share. As of November 30, 2013 the principal and accrued interest balance has remained unchanged.

Note 13 – Stockholders’ Deficit

Preferred stock

The aggregate number of shares of Preferred Stock that the Corporation is authorized to issue up to One Hundred Million (100,000,000), with a par value of \$0.0001 per share.

The Preferred Stock may be divided into and issued in series. The Board of Directors of the Corporation is authorized to divide the authorized shares of Preferred Stock into one or more series, each of which shall be so designated as to distinguish the shares thereof from the shares of all other series and classes. The Board of Directors of the Corporation is authorized, within any limitations prescribed by law and the articles of incorporation, to fix and determine the designations, rights, qualifications, preferences, limitations and terms of the shares of any series of Preferred Stock.

Preferred Series A

The Company has authorized 3,000,000 shares, par value \$.01 per share and designated as Series A 10% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series A Preferred Stock”). The holders of record of shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to vote on all matters submitted to a vote of the shareholders of the Corporation and shall be entitled to one hundred (100) votes for each share of Series A Preferred Stock.

Per the terms of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Designations, subject to the availability of authorized and unissued shares of Series A Preferred Stock, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock may, by written notice to the Corporation, may elect to convert all or any part of such holder’s shares of Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock at a conversion rate of the lower of (a) \$0.50 per share or (b) at the lowest price the Company has issued stock as part of a financing. Additionally, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock, may by written notice to the Corporation, convert all or part of such holder’s shares (excluding any shares issued pursuant to conversion of unpaid dividends) into debt obligations of the Corporation, secured by a security interest in all of the Corporation and its’ subsidiaries, at a rate of \$0.50 of debt for each share of Series A Preferred Stock.

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of this Corporation, either voluntary or involuntary (any of the foregoing, a “liquidation”), holders of Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, prior and in preference to any distribution of any of the assets of this Corporation to the holders of the Common Stock or any other series of Preferred Stock by reason of their ownership thereof an amount per share equal to \$1.00 for each share (as adjusted for any stock dividends, combinations or splits with respect to such shares) of Series A Preferred Stock held by each such holder, plus the amount of accrued and unpaid dividends thereon (whether or not declared) from the beginning of the dividend period in which the liquidation occurred to the date of liquidation.

Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging; Contracts in Entity’s own Equity (“ASC 815-40”) became effective for us on March 1, 2010. The Company’s Series A (convertible) Preferred Stock has certain reset provisions that require the Company to reduce the conversion price of the Series A (convertible) Preferred Stock if we issue equity at a price less than the conversion price. Upon the effective date, the provisions of ASC 815-40 required a reclassification to liability based on the reset feature of the agreements if the Company sells equity at a price below the conversion price of the Series A Preferred Stock.

For the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company, in accordance with ASC 815-40, determined the fair value of the Preferred Series A stock to be \$74,141, using the Black-Scholes formula assuming no dividends, a risk-free interest rate of 0.25%, expected volatility of 417.10%, and expected life of 2 years (based on the current rate of conversion). At each reporting date, the Company records the changes in the fair value of the derivative liability as non-operating, non-cash income. The change in fair value of the Preferred Series A derivative liability resulted in current year non-operating income included in operations of \$1,263,876.

Dividends in arrears on the outstanding preferred shares total \$143,503 as of November 30, 2012. During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company realized a Series A preferred stock dividend of \$3,790. During the nine months ended November 30, 2012 the Company issued 75,000 shares of Preferred Series A stock at \$1 per share and received \$75,000 in proceeds. The Company had 1,884,611 shares issued and outstanding as of November 30, 2012 and 1,809,611 as of February 29, 2012, respectively.

Note 13 – Stockholders’ Deficit (continued)

Preferred Series B

The Company has authorized 3,000,000 shares of Non-Voting Series B 10% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Preferred Series B stockholders may elect to convert all or any part of such holder’s shares with a \$5 conversion into Next 1 Interactive, Inc. stock or a \$0.05 conversion into Next One Realty.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary (a “liquidation”), the holders shall be entitled to receive out of the assets, whether capital or surplus, of the Company an amount equal to 100% of the stated value, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon and any other fees or liquidated damages owing thereon, for each share of then outstanding Preferred Stock before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any junior securities, and if the assets of the Company shall be insufficient to pay in full such amounts, then the entire assets to be distributed to the holders shall be ratably distributed among the holders in accordance with the respective amounts that would be payable on such shares if all amounts payable thereon were paid in full.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012 the Company issued 77,000 shares of Preferred Series B stock at \$5 per share and received \$385,000 in proceeds.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company entered into Series B Preferred stock subscription agreements for 11,000 shares in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$55,000. The value of the preferred stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 287,600 shares of Series B Preferred stock previously subscribed for cash valued at \$1,438,000 including one (1) year warrants with an exercise price of \$2.50.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 11,000 shares of Series B Preferred stock previously subscribed for consulting valued at \$55,000.

Dividends in arrears on the outstanding preferred shares total \$74,714 as of November 30, 2012. The Company had 413,600 shares issued and outstanding as of November 30, 2012 and -0- as of February 29, 2012, respectively.

Preferred Series C

The Company has authorized 3,000,000 shares of Non-Voting Series C 10% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Preferred Series C stockholders may elect to convert all or any part of such holder’s shares with a \$5 conversion into Next 1 Interactive, Inc. stock or a \$0.10 conversion into Next One Realty.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary (a “liquidation”), the holders shall be entitled to receive out of the assets, whether capital or surplus, of the Company an amount equal to 100% of the stated value, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon and any other fees or liquidated damages owing thereon, for each share of then outstanding Preferred Stock before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any junior securities, and if the assets of the Company shall be insufficient to pay in full such amounts, then the entire assets to be distributed to the holders shall be ratably distributed among the holders in accordance with the respective amounts that would be payable on such shares if all amounts payable thereon were paid in full.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company entered into Series C Preferred stock subscription agreements for 16,000 shares in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$80,000. The value of the preferred stock issued is based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.

There were no Series C Preferred shares issued and outstanding at November 30, 2012.

Note 13 – Stockholders’ Deficit (continued)

Preferred Series D

The Company has authorized 3,000,000 shares of Non-Voting Series D 10% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Preferred Series D stockholders may elect to convert all or any part of such holder’s shares with a \$5 conversion into Next 1 Interactive, Inc. stock or a \$0.15 conversion into Next One Realty.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary (a “liquidation”), the holders shall be entitled to receive out of the assets, whether capital or surplus, of the Company an amount equal to 100% of the stated value, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon and any other fees or liquidated damages owing thereon, for each share of then outstanding Preferred Stock before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any junior securities, and if the assets of the Company shall be insufficient to pay in full such amounts, then the entire assets to be distributed to the holders shall be ratably distributed among the holders in accordance with the respective amounts that would be payable on such shares if all amounts payable thereon were paid in full.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012 the Company:

- * issued 221,500 shares of Preferred Series D stock at \$5 per share, issued 727,850 one (1) to four (4) year common stock warrants with an exercise price of \$0.03 to \$25 and received \$1,107,067 in proceeds, net of \$433 in bank charges with a total value of \$1,107,500.
- * entered into stock subscription agreements for 14,100 shares of Preferred Series D stock at \$5 per share and 38,750 one (1) year common stock warrants with an exercise price of \$0.10 and received \$70,375 in proceeds, net of \$125 of bank charges with a total value of \$70,500.
- * issued 93,600 shares of Series D Preferred stock in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$544,239. The value of the preferred stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.
- * issued 14,100 shares of Series D Preferred stock previously subscribed for cash valued at \$70,500.
- * entered into Series D preferred stock subscriptions agreements for 168,377 shares valued at \$841,866 for the conversion of promissory notes and issued all shares.
- * issued 32,000 shares of Series D preferred stock valued at \$83,761 for the conversion of promissory notes.
- * issued 30,000 shares of Series D preferred stock valued at \$150,000 for the conversion of shareholder loans.
- * issued 3,600 shares of Series D preferred stock valued at \$18,000 for the conversion of accounts payable.

On October 2, 2012 and as part of the purchase of 664.1 shares of Real Biz Holdings, Inc., the Company tendered a Series D preferred stock subscription agreement for 380,000 shares valued at \$1,900,000 as part of the purchase price. Additionally, the Company recorded a derivative liability valued at \$35,733 as the purchase agreement includes a "ratchet" provision. The fair value of the "ratchet" provision was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.29%, dividend yield of -0%, volatility factor of 395.51% and expected life of 2 years.

Dividends in arrears on the outstanding preferred shares total \$92,669 as of November 30, 2012. The Company had 563,177 shares issued and outstanding as of November 30, 2012 and -0- as of February 29, 2012, respectively.

Common Stock

On October 28, 2011, our board of directors and the holders of a majority of the voting power of our shareholders have approved an amendment to our articles of incorporation to increase our authorized shares of Common Stock from 400,000 to 1,000,000. On February 13, 2012, our board of directors and the holders of a majority of the voting power of our shareholders have approved an amendment to our articles of incorporation to increase our authorized shares of Common Stock from 1,000,000 to 5,000,000. The increase in our authorized shares of Common Stock became effective upon the filing of the amendment(s) to our articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada.

On May 2, 2012, our board of directors consented to (i) effect a 500-to-1 reverse split of the Company’s common stock and (ii) reduce the number of authorized shares from 2,500,000,000 to 5,000,000 and became effective upon the filing of the amendment(s) to our articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada. The consolidated financial statements have been retroactively adjusted to reflect this reverse stock split.

Note 13 – Stockholders’ Deficit (continued)

Common Stock (continued)

On June 26, 2012, our board of directors and the holders of a majority of the voting power of our shareholders have approved an amendment to our articles of incorporation to increase our authorized shares of Common Stock from 5,000,000 to 500,000,000.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company issued 385,734 shares of common stock and 358,400 one (1) to two (2) year warrants with an exercise price of \$.05 to \$1 in exchange for services rendered, consisting of financing and consulting fees incurred in raising capital, valued at \$46,603. The value of the common stock issued was based on the fair value of the stock at the time of issuance or the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable. The value of the warrants was estimated at date of grant using Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk free interest rate 0.16% to 0.23%, dividend yield of -0-%, volatility factor of 287.30% to 396.95% and expected life of 1 to 2 years.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company converted a series of promissory notes and issued 9,007,433 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$652,041, incurring \$98,021 of penalties for tardy conversions.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the remaining 2,025 stock options issued on October 3, 2011, with an exercise price of \$7.25 to employees, directors and executives vested and the Company incurred \$10,125 in compensation costs.

Common Stock Warrants

On August 21, 2012, the Company received \$50,000 in proceeds from a related-party investor and issued a bridge loan agreement with no maturity date. In lieu of interest, the Company issued 100,000 two (2) year warrants with an exercise price of \$0.05 per share valued at \$1,500 and charged to operations. The fair value of the warrants was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.29%, dividend yield of -0-%, volatility factor of 384.11% and expected life of 2 years.

At November 30, 2012, there were 2,984,688 warrants outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$9.06 and weighted average life of 2.46 years. During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, 54,002 warrants expired.

Common Stock Options

At November 30, 2012, there were 4,050 options outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$7.25 and weighted average life of 9.07 years. During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, no options were exercised.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company leases approximately 6,500 square feet of office space in Weston, Florida pursuant to a lease agreement, with Bedner Farms, Inc. of the building located at 2690 Weston Road, Weston, Florida 33331. In accordance with the terms of the lease agreement, the Company is renting the commercial office space, for a term of five years commencing January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2015. In September of 2011, the Company sublets a portion of its office space offsetting our rent expense by \$2,500 per month. The rent for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 was \$114,877.

The following schedule represents obligations under written commitments on the part of the Company that are not included in liabilities:

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Long-Term</u>		<u>Totals</u>
	<u>FY2013</u>	<u>FY2014</u>	<u>FY2015 and beyond</u>	
Carriage Fees	\$ 342,614	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 342,614
Consulting	47,773	74,090	47,090	168,953
Leases	35,195	135,233	168,203	338,631
Other	57,681	57,681	-0-	115,362
Totals	<u>\$ 483,263</u>	<u>\$ 267,004</u>	<u>\$ 215,293</u>	<u>\$ 965,560</u>

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Legal Matters

We are otherwise involved, from time to time, in litigation, other legal claims and proceedings involving matters associated with or incidental to our business, including, among other things, matters involving breach of contract claims, intellectual property and other related claims employment issues, and vendor matters. We believe that the resolution of currently pending matters will not individually or in the aggregate have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. However, our assessment of the current litigation or other legal claims could change in light of the discovery of facts not presently known to us or determinations by judges, juries or other finders of fact which are not in accord with management's evaluation of the possible liability or outcome of such litigation or claims.

There is currently a case pending whereby the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("defendant") is being sued for allegedly breaching a contract which he signed in his role as CEO of Extraordinary Vacations Group, Inc. The case is being strongly contested. The defendant's motion to dismiss plaintiff's amended complaint with prejudice has been argued before the judge in the case. We are awaiting a ruling at this time.

The Company was a defendant in a lawsuit filed by Gari Media Group, Inc. in the United States District court for central district of California alleging that Next 1 owes \$75,000 from a video and music production agreement provided for the company's television network. This case has been dismissed.

The Company was a defendant in a lawsuit filed by Liquidis Marketing, Inc. in Illinois state court alleging that Next 1 owes \$350,000 from a production and content distribution agreement provided for the Company's video on demand network. The Company has settled this dispute on October 4, 2012 for \$20,000.

Other Matters

In December 2005, the Company acquired Maupintour, LLC. On March 1, 2007, the Company sold Maupintour LLC to an unrelated third party for the sum of \$1.00 and the assumption of \$900,000 of Maupintour debts. In October 2007, the Company was advised that purchaser had been unable to raise the required capital it had agreed to under the negotiated purchase agreement and was exercising its right to rescind the purchase. Extraordinary Vacations agreed to fund all passengers travel and moved to wind down the corporation. As part of the wind down of Maupintour LLC, the Company created Maupintour Extraordinary Vacations, Inc. on December 14, 2007 under which certain assets and liabilities of Maupintour LLC was assumed in order to allow for customer travel and certain past obligations of Maupintour LLC to be met. Management estimates that there is approximately \$420,000 in potential liabilities and has recorded an accrual for \$420,000 in other current liabilities at November 30, 2012.

Note 15 – Segment Reporting

Accounting Standards Codification 280-16 "Segment Reporting", established standards for reporting information about operating segments in annual consolidated financial statements and required selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports issued to stockholders. It also established standards for related disclosures about products, services, and geographic areas. Operating segments are defined as components of the enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The Company has two reportable operating segments: Media and Travel. The accounting policies of each segment are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. Each segment has its own product manager but the overall operations are managed and evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision makers for the purpose of allocating the Company's resources. The Company also has a corporate headquarters function which does not meet the criteria of a reportable operating segment. Interest expense and corporate expenses are not allocated to the operating segments.

Note 15 – Segment Reporting (continued)

The tables below present information about reportable segments for the three and nine months ended November 30, 2012 and November 30, 2011:

	For the three months ended November 30,		For the nine months ended November 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenues:				
Media	\$ 132,532	\$ 270,482	\$ 133,521	\$ 416,013
Travel	89,199	140,187	397,466	689,071
Segment revenues	<u>\$ 221,731</u>	<u>\$ 410,669</u>	<u>\$ 530,987</u>	<u>\$ 1,105,084</u>
Operating expense:				
Media	\$ 602,042	\$ 122,154	\$ 605,400	\$ 1,404,581
Travel	756,145	1,031,248	1,801,753	2,326,046
Segment expense	<u>\$ 1,358,187</u>	<u>\$ 1,153,402</u>	<u>\$ 2,407,153</u>	<u>\$ 3,730,627</u>
Net income (loss):				
Media	\$ (469,510)	\$ 148,328	\$ (471,878)	\$ (988,568)
Travel	(666,946)	(891,061)	(1,404,287)	(1,636,975)
Segment net loss	<u>\$ (1,136,456)</u>	<u>\$ (742,733)</u>	<u>\$ (1,876,165)</u>	<u>\$ (2,625,543)</u>

The Company did not generate any revenue outside the United States for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011, and the Company did not have any assets located outside the United States.

Note 16 – Fair Value Measurements

The Company has adopted new guidance under ASC Topic 820, effective January 1, 2009. New authoritative accounting guidance (ASC Topic 820-10-15) under ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, delayed the effective date of ASC Topic 820-10 for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis, until 2009.

ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data and requires disclosures for assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on their level in the hierarchy. Further new authoritative accounting guidance (ASU No. 2009-05) under ASC Topic 820, provides clarification that in circumstances in which a quoted price in an active market for the identical liabilities is not available, a reporting entity is required to measure fair value using one or more of the techniques provided for in this update.

The standard describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value which are the following:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Note 16 – Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The Company analyzes all financial instruments with features of both liabilities and equity under ASC 480, “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity” and ASC 815, “Derivatives and Hedging”. Derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives. The effects of interactions between embedded derivatives are calculated and accounted for in arriving at the overall fair value of the financial instruments. In addition, the fair values of freestanding derivative instruments such as warrant and option derivatives are valued using the Black-Scholes model.

The Company uses Level 3 inputs for its valuation methodology for the warrant derivative liabilities and embedded conversion option liabilities as their fair values were determined by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on various assumptions. The Company’s derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives.

The following table sets forth the liabilities as of November 30, 2012, which is recorded on the balance sheet at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required, these are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement:

Description	11/30/2012	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Series convertible redeemable preferred stock with reset provisions	\$ 121,871	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 121,871
Convertible promissory note with embedded conversion option	777,091	-0-	-0-	777,091
Total	<u>\$ 898,962</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 898,962</u>

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in fair value of our derivative liabilities for the nine months ended November 30, 2012:

Beginning balance, February 29, 2012	\$ 2,254,219
Fair value of embedded conversion feature of Preferred Series securities as issue date	35,733
Fair value of embedded conversion feature on convertible promissory notes at issued date	194,664
Change in fair value of embedded conversion feature of Preferred Series securities included in earnings	(1,251,879)
Change in fair value of embedded conversion feature of convertible promissory notes included in earnings	(333,775)
Ending balance, November 30, 2012	<u>\$ 898,962</u>

Note 17 – Subsequent Events

In May 2009, the FASB issued accounting guidance now codified as FASC Topic 855, “Subsequent Events,” which establishes general standards of accounting for, and disclosures of, events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. FASC Topic 855 is effective for interim or fiscal periods ending after June 15, 2009. Accordingly, the Company adopted the provisions of FASC Topic 855 on June 30, 2009. The Company evaluated subsequent events for the period after November 30, 2012, and has determined that all events requiring disclosure have been made.

During December 2012, the Company converted \$19,386 of convertible promissory notes and issued 1,460,000 shares of its common stock.

During December 2012, the Company received \$179,975 in proceeds, net of \$25 in bank charges, issuing 36,000 shares of Series D Preferred stock and 245,000 one (1) and two (2) year warrants with an exercise prices of \$0.03 to \$0.10 valued at \$180,000.

During December 2012 and January 2013, the Company issued 25,000 shares of Series D Preferred stock in exchange for services rendered valued at \$125,000. The value of the Series D Preferred stock was based on the fair value of the services provided, whichever was more readily determinable.

On January 4, 2013, the Company received \$150,000 of proceeds from a related party investor and agreed to increase the principal balances of two previously issued convertible promissory notes in the amount of \$75,000 each. The Company amended the conversion terms to include the opportunity to exchange the convertible promissory notes, in whole or in part, for Series A or B Preferred stock. The Company issued to the related party investor 450,000 one (1) year warrants with an exercise price of \$0.05. Additionally, the related party investor agreed to extend the maturity date on both notes to April 30, 2013.

On December 1, 2012, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with a un-related third party investor to make a series of payments totalling \$149,917 in satisfaction of \$177,580 of principal and interest due to the convertible promissory note holder. The Company agreed to the following payment schedule:

- on or before December 10, 2012 \$25,750
- on or before December 21, 2012 \$25,000
- on or before January 31, 2013 \$35,000
- on or before February 29, 2013 \$35,000
- on or before March 31, 2013 \$29,167

As of January 22, 2013, the date of filing the Company's 10-Q, the Company is current with the above payment schedule.

On December 5, 2012, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with a un-related third party investor to make a final payment of \$42,849 by December 31, 2012 in satisfaction of \$62,289 of principal and interest due to the convertible promissory note holder.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Forward Looking Statements

This Report contains statements that we believe are, or may be considered to be, "forward-looking statements". All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Report regarding the prospects of our industry or our prospects, plans, financial position or business strategy, may constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "foresee," "project," "anticipate," "believe," "plans," "forecasts," "continue" or "could" or the negatives of these terms or variations of them or similar terms. Furthermore, such forward-looking statements may be included in various filings that we make with the SEC or press releases or oral statements made by or with the approval of one of our authorized executive officers. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you that these expectations will prove to be correct. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain known and unknown risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in these forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements contained herein, which reflect management's opinions only as of the date hereof. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to revise or publicly release the results of any revision to any forward-looking statements. You are advised, however, to consult any additional disclosures we make in our reports to the SEC. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained in this Report.

Overview

Next 1 Interactive ("Next 1" or the "Company") is the parent company of RRTV Network (formerly Resort & Residence TV), Next Trip – its travel division, and Next One Realty – its real estate division. The Company is positioning itself to emerge as a multi revenue stream "Next Generation" media-company, representing the convergence of TV, mobile devices and the Internet by providing multiple platform dynamics for interactivity on TV, Video On Demand (VOD) and web solutions. The Company has worked with multiple distributors beta testing its platforms as part of its roll out of TV programming and VOD Networks. The list of multi-system operators the Company has worked with includes Comcast, Cox, Time Warner and Direct TV. At present the Company operates the Home Tour Network through its minority owned/joint venture real estate partner – RealBiz Media. As of July 17, 2012 the Home Tour Network features over 4,300 home listings in four cities on the Cox Communications network.

Next 1 Interactive is comprised of three distinct categories: The Company recognized the convergence taking place in interactive television/ the web and began the process of recreating several of its key relationships in real estate, travel and media over the last three years in efforts to position itself for the interactive revolution with "TV everywhere". Currently the Company has operating agreements and /or active discussions are underway with broadband, cable and Over the Top TV solutions for the Next 1 Networks during the next 12 months.

Linear TV Network with supporting Web sites – The potential revenue streams from Next 1 Networks - Traditional Advertising, Interactive Ads, Sponsorships, Paid Programming, travel commissions and Referral fees.

TV Video On Demand channels for Travel with supporting Web sites – The potential revenue streams from Travel Video on Demand - Monthly sponsorship packages, pre-roll advertising, travel commissions and referral fees, acceleration of company owned travel entities (Maupintours, Next Trip and Trip Professionals).

TV Video on Demand channels for Real Estate with supporting Web sites – The potential revenue streams from Real Estate Video on Demand Channel - Commissions and referral fees on home sales, pre-roll/post-roll advertising, lead generation fees, banner ads and cross market advertising promotions (\$89 listing and marketing fee, web and mobile advertising).

Sufficiency of Cash Flows

Because current cash balances and projected cash generation from operations are not sufficient to meet the Company's cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures, management intends to seek additional equity or obtain additional credit facilities. The sale of additional equity could result in additional dilution to the Company's shareholders. A portion of the Company's cash may be used to acquire or invest in complementary businesses or products or to obtain the right to use complementary technologies. From time to time, in the ordinary course of business, the Company evaluates potential acquisitions of such businesses, products or technologies.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended November 30, 2012 Compared to Three Months Ended November 30, 2011

Revenues

Our total revenues decreased 46% to \$221,731 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$410,669 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$188,938. The decrease is mainly due to the Company ceasing the operations of the R & R television network.

Revenues from the travel segment decreased 36% to \$89,199 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$140,187 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$50,988. Travel revenue is generated from its luxury tour operation which provides escorted and independent tours worldwide to upscale travelers. The decrease is due to the decline of tours booked.

Revenues from advertising decreased 51% to \$132,532 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$270,482 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$137,950. Advertising revenue from the Company mainly was generated from the sale of advertising time on R&R TV, including advertisements shown during a program (also known as short-form advertising) and infomercials in which the advertisement is the program itself (also known as long-form advertising). The decrease is due to the Company ceasing the operations of the R & R television network. For the period ended November 30, 2012, the Company included advertising revenue generated from Real Biz Media, Inc. of \$133,235 acquired on October 3, 2012.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenues decreased 87% to \$93,478 for three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$745,732 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$652,254. The significant decrease in costs was primarily associated with the Company ceasing the operations of the R & R television network.

Operating Expenses

Our total operating expenses increased 22% or \$313,965 to \$1,766,464 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$1,452,499 for the three months ended November 30, 2011. The increase was primarily due to a decrease in: financing fees of \$1,052, amortization of intangibles of \$288,693, salaries and benefits of \$25,988 and legal and accounting fees of \$55,151; offset by an increase in finance related consulting fees of \$602,375 and other miscellaneous operating expense of \$82,474.

Other Expenses

Interest expense decreased 80% to \$328,093 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$1,616,455 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$1,288,362 primarily due to the conversion of debt instruments into common shares and preferred stock subscriptions. Loss on settlement of debt increased 94% to \$28,789 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$509,035 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$480,246 primarily due to a reduction in settlement of past due liabilities. Gain on change in fair value of derivatives decreased 118% to a loss of \$204,573 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$1,131,393 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$1,335,966 primarily due to the increase in the number of debt to equity conversions. Gain on legal settlement increased 100% to \$250,000 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$-0- for the three months ended November 30, 2011, an increase of \$250,000 primarily due to legal issues settled. Other expense increased 96% to \$52,714 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$26,901 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, an increase of \$25,813 primarily due to penalties assessed upon tardy conversions of debt to equity instruments.

Net Loss

Net loss decreased 29% to \$2,002,380 for the three months ended November 30, 2012, compared to net loss of \$2,808,560 for the three months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$806,180 primarily due to the ceasing of operations of the television network.

Nine months Ended November 30, 2012 Compared to Nine months Ended November 30, 2011

Revenues

Our total revenues decreased 52% to \$530,987 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$1,105,084 for the nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$574,097. In addition to the general decrease in travel related revenue due to less marketing and sales efforts, the decrease in television advertising is mainly due to the ceasing of operations of the R&R television network due to cost constraints.

Revenues from the travel segment decreased 42% to \$397,466 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$689,071 for the nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$291,605. Travel revenue is generated from its luxury tour operation which provides escorted and independent tours worldwide to upscale travelers. The decrease is due to the reductions of tours booked.

Revenues from advertising decreased 68% to \$133,521 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$416,013 for the nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$282,492. Advertising revenue is generated from the sale of advertising time on R&R TV, including advertisements shown during a program (also known as short-form advertising) and infomercials in which the advertisement is the program itself (also known as long-form advertising). The decrease is due to the Company ceasing the operations of the R & R television network. For the period ended November 30, 2012, the Company included advertising revenue generated from Real Biz Media, Inc. of \$133,235 acquired on October 3, 2012.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenues decreased 88% to \$323,081 for nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$2,783,680 for the nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$2,460,599. The significant decrease in costs were primarily associated with the Company ceasing the operations of the R & R television network.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses include website maintenance fees, general and administrative expenses, salaries and benefits, advertising and promotion, legal and professional fees, consulting and finance fees incurred in raising capital and amortization of intangibles.

Our total operating expenses decreased 30% to 3,291,188 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$4,720,778 for the nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$1,429,590. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in: financing fees of \$28,590, amortization of intangibles of \$866,077, salaries and benefits of \$276,543, legal and accounting fees of \$67,500, consulting fees of \$127,231 and other miscellaneous operating expense of \$63,649.

Other Expenses

Interest expense decreased 68% to \$1,573,565 for nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$4,950,743 for nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$3,377,178 primarily due to the conversion of debt instruments into common shares and preferred stock subscriptions. Loss on settlement of debt decreased 99% to \$5,045 for nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to a loss of \$1,007,100 for nine months ended November 30, 2011, an decrease of \$1,002,055 primarily due to settlement of debt through issuance of shares of stock. Gain on change in fair value of derivatives increased 21% to 1,585,654 for nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$1,314,420 for nine months ended November 30, 2011, an increase of \$271,234 primarily due to the increase in the number of debt to equity conversions. Gain on legal settlement decreased 92% to \$250,000 for nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$3,129,790 for nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$2,879,790 primarily due to the decline in legal issues settled. Other expense decreased 9% to \$102,759 for nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$113,535 for nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$10,776 primarily due to no modifications of warrants executed.

Net Loss

Net loss decreased 64% to \$2,928,997 for nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to net loss of \$8,026,542 for nine months ended November 30, 2011, a decrease of \$5,097,545 primarily due to the ceasing of operations of the television network.

Contractual Obligations

The following schedule represents obligations under written commitments on the part of the Company that are not included in liabilities:

	Current	Long-Term		Totals
	FY2013	FY2014	FY 2015	
Carriage Fees	\$ 342,614	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 342,614
Consulting	47,773	74,090	47,090	168,953
Leases	35,195	135,233	168,203	338,631
Other	57,681	57,681	-	115,362
Totals	<u>\$ 483,263</u>	<u>\$ 267,004</u>	<u>\$ 215,293</u>	<u>\$ 965,560</u>

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At November 30, 2012, the Company had \$93,730 cash on-hand, an increase of \$80,741 from \$12,989 at the start of fiscal 2013. The increase in cash was due primarily to operating expenses.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$3,819,357 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012, a decrease of \$198,100 from \$4,017,457 used during the nine months ended November 30, 2011. This decrease was due to a reduction in net loss partially offset by interest, amortization of debt discount on notes payable, loss on derivatives, stock based consulting and increases in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Net cash used in investing activities increased to \$277,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$200,000 for the nine months ended November 30, 2011 due to cash used in acquisition of a business.

Net cash provided by financing activities increased \$274,797 to \$4,177,098, for the nine months ended November 30, 2012, compared to \$3,902,301 for the nine months ended November 30, 2011. This increase was primarily due to the net increase of \$564,161 in other advances and shareholder loans; an increase of \$2,333,005 in proceeds from stock issuances and subscriptions; a net increase of \$72,653 of other notes payable; decrease of \$1,566,700 for convertible promissory notes.

The growth and development of our business will require a significant amount of additional working capital. We currently have limited financial resources and based on our current operating plan, we will need to raise additional capital in order to continue as a going concern. We currently do not have adequate cash to meet our short or long term objectives. In the event additional capital is raised, it may have a dilutive effect on our existing stockholders.

Since our inception in June 2002, we have been focused on the travel industry solely through the Internet. We have changed our business model from a company that generates nearly all revenues from its travel divisions to a media company focusing on travel and real estate by utilizing multiple media platforms including the Internet, radio and television. As a company that has recently changed our business model and emerged from the development phase with a limited operating history, we are subject to all the substantial risks inherent in the development of a new business enterprise within an extremely competitive industry. We cannot assure you that the business will continue as a going concern or ever achieve profitability. Due to the absence of an operating history under the new business model and the emerging nature of the markets in which we compete, we anticipate operating losses until such time as we can successfully implement our business strategy, which includes all associated revenue streams.

The Company will need to raise substantial additional capital to support the on-going operation and increased market penetration of our Video on Demand real estate and travel business and R&RTV including the development of national sales representation for national and global advertising and sponsorships, increases in operating costs resulting from additional staff and office space until such time as we generate revenues sufficient to support the business. We believe that in the aggregate, we will need approximately \$1 million to \$5 million to support and expand the network reach, repay debt obligations, provide capital expenditures for additional equipment and satisfy payment obligations under carriage/distribution agreements, office space and systems required to manage the business, and cover other operating costs until our planned revenue streams from media advertising, sponsorships, e-commerce, travel and real estate are fully-implemented and begin to offset our operating costs. There can be no assurances that the Company will be successful in raising the required capital to complete this portion of its business plan.

Since our inception, we have funded our operations with the proceeds from the private equity financings. The Company issued these shares without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, afforded the Company under Section 4(2) promulgated thereunder due to the fact that the issuance did not involve a public offering of securities. The shares were sold solely to "accredited investors" as that term is defined in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and pursuant to the exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act under Section 4(2) and Regulation D thereunder.

Currently, revenues provide less than 20% of the Company's cash requirements. The remaining cash need is derived from raising additional capital. The current monthly cash burn rate is approximately \$300,000. We expect the monthly cash burn rate will gradually increase to approximately \$1.0 million, with the expectation of profitability by the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014.

Our multi-platform media revenue model is new and evolving, and we cannot be certain that it will be successful. The potential profitability of this business model is unproven and there can be no assurance that we can achieve profitable operations. Our ability to generate revenues depends, among other things, on our ability to operate our television network and create enough viewership to provide advertisers, sponsors, travelers and home buyers value. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that our business model will be successful or that we can sustain revenue growth, or achieve or sustain profitability.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Market Risk

This represents the risk of loss that may result from the potential change in value of a financial instrument as a result of fluctuations in interest rates and market prices. We do not currently have any trading derivatives nor do we expect to have any in the future. We have established policies and internal processes related to the management of market risks, which we use in the normal course of our business operations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Accounting Officer are responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act). Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Accounting Officer evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of November 30, 2012. Based on that evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Accounting Officer have determined that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level due to the lack of an independent audit committee or audit committee financial expert which represents a material weakness as reported in the February 29, 2012, Annual Report on Form 10-K. Due to liquidity issues, we have not been able to immediately take any action to remediate this material weakness. However, when conditions allow, we will expand our board of directors and establish an independent audit committee consisting of a minimum of three individuals with industry experience including a qualified financial expert. Notwithstanding the assessment that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective and that there was a material weakness as identified herein, we believe that our consolidated financial statements contained herein fairly present our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods covered thereby in all material respects.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The information in Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part I, Item I of the Form 10-Q is incorporated herein by this reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

We believe there are no changes that constitute material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 29, 2012, filed with the SEC on June 15, 2012.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

There were no defaults upon senior securities during the period ended November 30, 2012.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information.

There is no other information required to be disclosed under this item which was not previously disclosed.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer of Next 1 Interactive, Inc., pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of the Principal Accounting Officer of Next 1 Interactive, Inc., pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer of Next 1 Interactive, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of the Principal Accounting Officer of Next 1 Interactive, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NEXT 1 INTERACTIVE, INC.

Date: January 22, 2013

/s/ William Kerby

William Kerby
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: January 22, 2013

/s/ Adam Friedman

Adam Friedman
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, William Kerby, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Next 1 Interactive, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods present in this report;
4. Along with the Principal Accounting Officer, I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involved management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: January 22, 2013

By: /s/ William Kerby
William Kerby
Principal Executive Officer
Next 1 Interactive, Inc.

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING OFFICER
PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Adam Friedman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Next 1 Interactive, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods present in this report;
4. Along with the Principal Executive Officer, I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involved management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: January 22, 2013

By: /s/ Adam Friedman
Adam Friedman
Principal Accounting Officer
Next 1 Interactive, Inc.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with this Quarterly Report of Next 1 Interactive, Inc. (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the period ended November 30, 2012, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, William Kerby, Principal Executive Officer of the Company, certify to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Sec. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) Such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended November 30, 2012, fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended November 30, 2012, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: January 22, 2013

By: /s/ William Kerby

William Kerby
Principal Executive Officer
Next 1 Interactive, Inc.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with this Quarterly Report of Next 1 Interactive, Inc. (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the period ended November 30, 2012, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Adam Friedman, Principal Accounting Officer of the Company, certify to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Sec. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) Such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended November 30, 2012, fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended November 30, 2012, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: January 22, 2013

By: /s/ Adam Friedman
Adam Friedman
Principal Accounting Officer
Next 1 Interactive, Inc.
